MUNICIPAL EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION NACIONAL



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ENGLISH FINAL WORKSHOP 2025 TENTH GRADE



OTTIDENTO NIAME.	CDADE 10
STUDENT'S NAME:	GRADE 10

TOPICS

To Be verb in present, past and future with all meanings

The four Present Tenses and their uses in context

The four Past Tenses and their use in context

The four Future Tenses and their use in context

Passive and Active Voice use in context

Modal verbs and relative words/clauses

Vocabulary learning related to different topics through reading comprehension

OBJECTIVE

Reflexionar y valorar la historia general, de la cultura, tradiciones y acontecimientos de la vida cotidiana, a través de la construcción e interpretación de frases y textos en los diferentes tiempos verbales y motivados con el retorno gradual a clases

COMPETENCES

Reconocer y aplicar con precisión las estructuras de los cuatro presentes, incluido el verbo to be y sus diferentes significados, los cuatro pasados, los cuatro futuros, la voz pasiva y activa en diferentes tiempos verbales y los verbos modales.

ASSESSMENT PROCESS

Los estudiantes deberán presentar el taller y las actividades a desarrollar en los tiempos estipulados, el trabajo debe desarrollarse a puño y letra. Se hará una evaluación de tipo oral o escrito, la cual tendrá un valor del 100%, sin embargo el taller será requerimiento para poder presentar la evaluación final.

VERB TO BE IN DIFFERENT TENSES AND MEANINGS

MEANINGS

I AM = SOY/ ESTOY, TENGO, LLEGO, TENGO.

Ex: I AM MICHAEL = SOY MIGUEL. I AM AT HOME = ESTOY EN CASA.

I AM LATE = LLEGO TARDE.

I AM SIXTEEN = TENGO QUINCE AÑOS

I AM RIGHT = TENGO RAZÓN

(SE USA PARA NECESIDADES FISICAS COMO SUEÑO, CALOR, HAMBRE, TAMBIÉN EDAD Y RAZÓN) HAY = THERE IS/ THERE ARE EX: THERE IS A HUGE DIFFERENCE = HAY UNA ENORME DIFERENCIA (SINGULAR). THERE ARE MANY TOPICS = HAY MUCHOS TEMAS (PLURAL)

HACER: SE USA EL PRONOMBRE IT PARA FENOMENOS NATURALES.

Ex: IT IS COLD = HACE FRIO. IT IS SUNNY = HACE SOL

TRANSLATE INTO ENGLISH THE FOLLOWING SENTENCES (LOOK AT THE EXAMPLE)

Tengo pereza = ! am lazy	EOR ACTION NO.
Soy buen deportista =	
Hay 35 estudiantes en mi clase =	
Hace frio en las mañanas =	
Mi amigo siempre llega tarde a clase =	
Hubo tres heridos en el accidente =	
Marcela llegó tarde a casa =	
Hizo calor en el mes de enero =	
Fuimos los primeros en comenzar clases =	
No tienes razón =	
Habrá carros voladores el proximo año =	
Carlos llegará temprano hoy =	
Tendre 17 años en 2022 =	
Maira estará en casa a las 3:00 =	
Habra 8 mil millones de personas =	
Tendré sueño a las 11 del día =	
Carolina cumplirá 18 el proximo año =	
Mañana será jueves =	
Tendrás razón ese dia =	

Present tenses

- There are four present tenses in English:
- o Present simple
- o Present continuous
- o Present perfect simple
- o Present perfect continuous



SIMPLE: LUIS SPEAKS SPANISH

PERFECT: LUIS HAS SPOKEN SPANISH

LUIS HABLA ESPAÑOL

LUIS HA HABLADO ESPAÑOL

CONTUNOUS: LUIS IS SPEAKING SPANISH

PERFECT CONTINOUS: LUIS HAS BEEN SPEAKING

SPANISH

LUIS ESTÁ HABLANDO ESPAÑOL

LUIS HA ESTADO HABLANDO ESPAÑOL

1.	I	(never / wear) a tie to work and I	(refuse) to start now!
Tran	ıslate :		
		plode! What (you / do)?	
Trar	slate :		
		This cake (taste) wonderful	lly.
Tran	ıslate :		
		(this bus / stop) outside th	
Tran	ıslate :		
		(still / not find) a job.	
Tran	ıslate :		
6.	I	_ (drive)! You can sit in the back with Martin.	
Tran	slate :		
7.	How long	(you / wait) for the bus? You	(look) really annoyed
Tran	slate :		
		nat picture! I (can't stand) spic	
Tran	slate :		
		(seldom / sit) next to Eve.	
Tran	Translate :		
10.	I've finished my exam	s so I (lie) on the beach the r	est of the summer.
Tran	slate :		
11.	Stop doing that! You _	(be) very silly today, Paul!	
Tran	slate :		
12	In winter, what	(you / wear)?	
Tran	ıslate :		
13.	Why	(you / look) at me like that? Have I d	one something wrong?
Tran	ıslate :		
14.	The coat	(not fit) me. I need a larger size.	
Tran	ıslate :		
15.	Thanks for this great t	time. I (have) a lovely even	ing.
Tran	ıslate :		
16.	This is an exam. Why	(you / talk)?	
Tran	ıslate :		
17.	I	(not decide) about buying a new bike yet.	I





FUTURE tenses



	SIMPLE	CON	TINUOUS		PERFECT		PERFECT NTINUOUS
a.	Predictions about future with verbs like think, believe, expect, etc.	pro	tion which will be in ogress at a stated e in the future	a.	Action that will be finished before a stated future time	a.	Emphasis on the duration of an action up to a certain time in the
b.	On-the-spot decisions	de fut	tion which will finitely happen in the ure as the result of a atine or arrangement				future
c.	Promises, threats, warnings, requests, hopes, offers	ab for	en we ask politely out someone's plans the near future				
d.	Actions /events / situations which will definitely happens in the future	ís i	nay we want to know f our wishes fit in h their plans)				
		I, You,					
we, the	he, she ev. it WILL DO	we, they	WILL BE DOING	I, You,)	I, You,)
we, m	will bo	He, she, it	}	we, the	*	We, the	•
tomorrow, soon,		J	He, sh	e, it j	He, she	e, it BE DOING	
the day after tomorrow,				before	, by, till	by f	or
next week/month/year, in two weeks/months			n, by the time, until	~y r	.		
III two	weeks/months						

Look at Jason! He _ *HE IS GOING TO* _ _ (sneeze). (be going to)

TRANSLATION: MIRA A JASON! VA A DORMIRSE

Do you think people	(travel) to the Moon again? (simple)
TRANS:	
Tomorrow we	(rehearse) a school play in the gym.(be going to)
TRANS:	
Dad	(wait) for you at the station when you arrive next week.
(continuous)	
TRANS:	

Tidy your room now or you	(stay) at home tonight. (simple)
TRANS:	
By the end of this year I	(visit) Brazil. (continous)
TRANS:	
A: What do you need the planks fo	or? B: I (make) a shelf for my tech-
nology project. (simple)	
TRANS:	
What	(you, do) tomorrow at 3 p.m.? (present continous)
TRANS:	
Look at that car! It	(crash) if the driver doesn't slow down. (simple)
TRANS:	
10. If I don't know the answer, I $_$ -	(ask) my elder sister. (simple)
TRANS:	
11. We	(have) a picnic next weekend. Would you like to come?
(present continuous)	
TRANS:	
12. Sue and Jack	(finish) their IT project by tomorrow afternoon.
(perfect)	
TRANS:	

I	AST SIMP	LE TENSE	PAST	CONTINUOUS TENSE
	TO BE S + Was/were	VERBS S + V-ed		S + was/were + V-ing
D	They were friends.	She worked yesterday.	0	She was cooking all morning.
	S + was not/were not + They weren't friends.	S + did not + verb (base form) She didn't work yesterday.		S + was/were + not + V-ing
?	Was/Were + S +? They weren't friends.	Did + S + verb (in base form)? Did she work yesterday?		She was not sleeping when he came home.
	Usage	Example	?	Was/were + S + V-ing? Was she sleeping when he came home?
	PAST PERFE	ECT TENSE	PAST P	ERFECT CONTINUOUS TENSE
	S + had + past She had finishe	Maria Cara Cara Cara Cara Cara Cara Cara	•	S + had + been + V-ing They had been playing tennis.
	S + had not/hadn't +	+ past participle +		S + had not/ hadn't + been +V-ing
	She hadn't finish			They hadn't been playing tennis.
	? Had + S + past Had she finished		?	Had + S + been + V-ing? Had they been playing tennis?
	Usage	Example		Jsage Example
1.	My sister and I PRE	E <i>PARED</i> (prepare) a gala d	inner to celebrat	e our parents' silver anniversary.
		REPARAMOS UNA CENA DE		
2.	Where	_ (you/sit) when the light	(go) off? (past continuous)
TRA	ANS:			
3.				(offer) her his help. (past perfect)
4.				(ride) a bike every day. (past simple)
TRA	ANS:			
5.				(hear) the roar of the ocean.(past continuous)
6.				(settle) down with a book. (past simple)
TRA				
7.				(blend) the eggs and cream.(past continuous)
8.	Last year I	(not/save) any money. (pa	ast simpleY)	
TRA	ANS:			
9.	You	(play) the flute while Mark	(sing	g) the song. (past continuous)
10.	Sarah	(find) the note mark when Jh	on	(open) the door. (past perfect continuous)
TRA	ANS:			

Active & Passive Voice



Tense	Active Voice	Passive Voice		
Present Simple	She delivers the letters.	The letters are delivered.		
Past Simple	She delivered the letters.	The letters were delivered.		
Future Simple	She will deliver the letters.	The letters will be delivered.		
Present Continuous	She is delivering the letters.	The letters are being delivered.		
Past Continuous	She was delivering the letters.	The letters were being delivered.		
Going to	She is going to deliver the letters.	The letters are going to be delivered.		
Present Perfect	She has delivered the letters.	The letters have been delivered.		
Past Perfect	She had delivered the letters.	The letters had been delivered.		
Infinitive	She has to deliver the letters.	The letters have to be delivered.		
Modals	She must deliver the letters.	The letters must be delivered.		

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A: He invites her	
P :	P:
A : She borrows my book	A: She will meet you tomorrow
P:	P :
A : They call us everyday	A: They will study Arabic next week
P :	P :
A : We clean our house every morning	A :you will be writing a letter next mont
P:	P:
A : She and he cook rice	A: They drove a big car last week
D .	P :
P:A: My young sister drank milk yesterday	A: He is dancing a Reog dance
	P:
:	A : She will be calling me
A: They visited me last week	P:
P:	
A : She read book in the library yesterday	A: They made fried rice yesterday
P:	P:
A:I was watching movie at 7 yesterday	

A: They were calling me last month